

# DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. VI--NO. 71.

MAYSVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## OH! MY BACK

Every strain or cold attacks that weak back  
and nearly prostrates you.



## WHISKY PAYS THE MOST.

HOW UNCLE SAM'S REVENUE IS DERIVED.

Sugar Naturally Comes Second On the List.  
While Water Isn't Mentioned--Must the Swallow Tail Go?--Revenue Reduction. Other Washington News--Notes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Now that there is so much talk about an overplus of receipts from taxation it may be interesting to know just where this money comes from, and what articles pay the great amount of tax that is being poured in the public treasury. The sources of revenue, as everybody knows, are the taxes levied upon certain articles manufactured in this country, known as internal revenue, and those levied upon articles brought into this country, known as customs or tariff duties.

About one-third of the total receipts of the government are from internal revenue. This is collected from the tax of ninety cents per gallon on distilled spirits, the tax on fermented liquors and the tax on tobacco. In the last fiscal year the taxes paid on distilled spirits amounted to \$70,000,000, on fermented liquors, \$20,000,000, and on tobacco \$28,000,000. The remainder of the government's receipts, the other two-thirds, was from customs duties, more popularly known as tariff. This is collected from a large number of sources, a duty being laid on hundreds, yes, thousands of articles imported. Of all the articles paying customs, sugar pays by far the largest sum. The duties paid upon sugar brought into the country last year were over \$50,000,000. No other article approaches this in the amount of duty which it pays.

Iron, perhaps, comes next to it. The tariff receipts on the manufactures of iron and steel amount to \$14,000,000 or \$15,000,000 a year. On manufactures of silks the tariff paid is about \$14,000,000 a year, and on manufactures of cotton about \$12,000,000. In spite of the fact that we make a tremendous quantity of intoxicants in this country the tariff paid on distilled spirits is about \$3,000,000 a year and on wines about \$4,000,000, while on tobacco, manufactured and unmanufactured, the customs duties amount to nearly \$9,000,000 a year. Raw wool pays over \$5,000,000 per annum of customs duties; fruits and nuts nearly \$4,000,000; manufactures of flax, \$7,500,000; chemicals and medicines, \$4,000,000; glass and glassware, \$4,000,000; leather, \$3,000,000; jewelry and precious stones, \$1,000,000, while for the hats with which the dear ladies obstruct the view of the opera they pay customs tax of over \$1,000,000, and for taxes on their corsets nearly \$500,000.

The news from Chicago that there is a probability of a revival of the knee breeches causes a gleam of hope in the minds of those who have been in a state of mind over the prospective departure from the senate of that eminent disciple of good old time customs, Senator Conger. He has been the last living example of the old time custom of wearing swallow tail coats in the senate chamber. You never see him in any other sort of a coat. Senator Chace wears a sort of nondescript costume, something on the 'a'lf and 'a'lf order, but his coat, which is Quaker in its style, can scarcely be called a swallow tail. Time was when no senator thought of appearing on the floor of the body in any other kind of coat than the swallow tail, and it is related that when on one occasion a senator broke this unwritten law of the senate and appeared in a frock coat, the presiding officer sent a page to him to remind him that he had probably unconsciously appeared in other than the conventional garb of that body.

Old residents of Washington, very old ones, remember that cabinet officers used to wear knee breeches. The last cabinet official to wear this costume was Secretary of the Treasury Bibb. He used to appear daily at his desk in the treasury department in knee breeches, with silver buckles at the side, black stockings and low shoes, with a large silver buckle at the top. Yet we shall not be without our reminder of these good old customs even in case Senator Conger should not be retained here as a member of the interstate commerce commission or otherwise, for we have still a disciple of the swallow tail in Mr. Justice Miller, of the supreme court, who never appears upon the street in any coat except this.

To affect a peculiarity in dress seems to be a weakness of some of the statesmen at both ends of the capitol. There is Senator Mahone for instance. He wears a funny old baggy coat, and his trousers are "gathered" at the top like a woman's skirt. His collar stands out like an Elizabethan ruff. Ingalls manages to wear a reasonably respectable suit in winter, except that his overcoats generally reach about to the ground, but in summer his seersucker coat and pongee suits are "a sight." Ex-Congressman Poind, of Vermont, who used to always appear in the house in blue coat and brass buttons, of the pattern worn half a century ago, still clings to his curious costume. I saw him about the capitol with a good looking woman only the other day in his blue spike-tail coat, resplendent with those same buttons that have done him service for so many years.

Everybody concedes now that there is to be no tariff reduction at this session of congress. There are a good many people yet who believe that in some undefined way congress will yet succeed in passing a bill removing the tobacco tax. It seems doubtful this, however. Mr. Carlisle seems to have taken it upon himself to dictate what shall be considered in the house and what shall not, and he insists upon declining to recognize any fellow who wants to remove the tobacco tax. If he succeeds in carrying this through to the end of the session the revenue question will stand at the end of the Forty-ninth congress just where it did at the beginning. The prospective failure of revenue reduction revives the gossip about a possible extra session. Quite a good many people believe that there will be one, yet it seems hardly probable. The surplus accumulates at the rate of about ten millions a month. This surplus has been used month by month, as it has accumulated, in payment of the three per cent bonds, which, under their terms of issue, may be called in at any time.

There are fifty millions of these bonds yet standing. So the treasury department will have a place to put all the surplus which comes in for five or six months yet, even at the present rate of demand to keep up the current expenses of the government. This

will run it up to August or September before any surplus would accumulate in the treasury. Then the Mexican pension bill is going to take \$5,000,000 or \$4,000,000, and the general pension bill already will probably take \$6,000,000 or \$8,000,000 more. The result will be that there will be but a comparatively small accumulation of surplus fund by the regular date for the meeting of congress in December. Possibly the president may think it wise to call an extra session, but unless the threatened troubles with our neighbors on the north seem to render it necessary it seems rather doubtful about an extra session.

### PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The president sent to the senate the following nominations Postmasters—Cyrus A. Eaton, Mifflinburg, Pa.; George W. Dickey, Houtzdale, Pa.; William Himmiebright, Lewisburg, Pa.; Daniel Bond, Brownsville, Tenn.; Samuel E. Byrne, of Michigan, to register of the land office at Marquette, Mich.; Edwin C. Fields, of Maryland, Indian agent at Belknap Agency, Mont.; George W. Bussey, of Illinois, at the Colorado River Agency, Ariz.

### Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Resolutions were presented from the Indiana legislature protesting against the validity of David Turpie's election as United States senator. Referred to elections committee.

The house substitute for the Chinese indemnity bill was agreed to.

Resolutions were presented from the New York chamber of commerce in favor of an immediate and liberal appropriation to complete the Charleston jetties.

Mr. Jones, of Nevada, presented a petition from San Francisco praying that suitable acknowledgement be made by congress for the humane services of Japanese fishermen toward the crew of a wrecked American vessel.

Mr. Dolph reported a disagreement of the conference committee on the senate amendments to the house bill to repeal all pre-emption, timber culture, and desert land laws, and asked for a new conference which was agreed to, after a brief but spirited discussion. The bill for the purchase of Ericson's destroyer was reported back and referred to appropriations committee.

The bill granting the right of way to the Annapolis & Baltimore railroad through the government farm at the Annapolis Naval academy was reported and passed.

Among the bills reported and placed on the calendar were: For the division of the state of Illinois into judicial districts; authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Mississippi at Grand Tower, Ill., and one over the Coosa river, Ala.

The house amendments to the bills for public buildings at Huntsville, Ala., Augusta, Ga., and Houston, Tex., were presented and concurred in.

Mr. Plumb gave notice that he would tomorrow ask that the postoffice appropriation bill be taken up and disposed of.

A substitute for the house bill providing for the location of a branch home for disabled volunteer soldiers west of the Rocky mountains, was passed. The substitute appropriates \$150,000. James A. Waymire, of San Francisco, is appointed manager up to April, 1892. A conference of the bill was asked for.

The senate at 1:50 resumed consideration of the bill relating to the importing and landing of mackerel caught during the spawning season.

Mr. Miller resumed his attack on the measure.

### HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The appointment was announced in the journal of Mr. Merriman, of New York, as a member of the naval affairs committee, vice Mr. Hewitt, resigned.

Wednesday next was set aside for the delivery of eulogies upon the late Senator Logan.

Mr. Hammond, of Georgia, was announced as one of the conferees on the anti-Mormon bill, in place of Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, who is absent, owing to domestic affliction.

The senate bill increasing the limit of cost of the public building at Denver, Col., to \$375,000, was passed; also, senate bill appropriating \$50,000 for a public building at Lafayette, Ind.; also, senate bill for the erection of a public building at Lynn, Mass., at an ultimate cost of \$100,000; also, the bill granting right of way to the Salt Lake & Fort Douglas Railroad company across the military reservation.

**Return of State Products.**  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The product is larger than last year in Florida, Tennessee, Arkansas and Texas and smaller in other states. The average result from a careful analysis of present returns, is an aggregate less than two per cent. lower than that of last year.

## AN INDIANA TRAGEDY.

### Husband and Child Dead and Wife Fast.

WARSAW, Feb. 11.—The remains of Henry Dunham, aged fifty-six, a farmer, were discovered late Tuesday afternoon on his farm eight miles east of here, by two hunters. The body had been partly eaten by hogs, and presented a sickening sight. After finding the body, the hunters proceeded to the house, where they found Mrs. Dunham suffering from eight knife wounds. She was alive but unconscious. Their two-year-old child was also lying near, with its throat cut, dead. The murder was committed Monday evening.

Mrs. Dunham recovered consciousness, but seemed so dazed as to be unable to give any account of the affair. At last accounts she was sinking rapidly. One theory is that the murder was committed for robbery, Dunham having recently sold some of his produce and was supposed to have the money in the house. Another theory is that Dunham became insane from an injury received some time ago, and killed his wife and child and then suicided. The coroner will investigate the affair.

**The B. & O. Express All Right.**

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—W. H. Trego, general manager of the Baltimore & Ohio Express company, said that there was absolutely no truth in the published report of the absorption of his company by the Adams Express company. There have been no negotiations, i.e. said, and were offers to be made by the Adams Express company which they would not be considered.

**Connecticut Senate.**

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 11.—The senate has unanimously passed the resolution offered by Senator Sumner, of Hartford, calling on congress to protect the sea coast and lake board states by some means of defensive fortification.

**Canadian Fisheries.**

GLoucester, Mass., Feb. 11.—The indications of brighter prospects in the fisheries is evident from the fact that Gloucester fishing owners are having built at present fifteen new vessels in this city and Essex.

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### ST. LOUIS HOLOCAUST.

#### A Number of People, Eighty Horses and Abraham Lincoln's Hearse Burned.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—Last midnight Jesse Arnott's livery stables, Ninth and Chestnut streets, burned. There were over 100 horses in the stables and eighty were burned. Half an hour after the fire broke out the west wall fell, burying four firemen and a number of spectators. Capt. Joseph Schimper, foreman of No. 6 Engine company; a stable employee, name unknown; John Gunsalus, a painter, and Morris Linderman, usher at Pope's theatre, were killed. Charley Mauch, a blacksmith, is at the hospital, dying. Several others, including three firemen, were also badly injured. The loss on the stable is \$100,000; partly insured.

Besides the pecuniary loss which resulted from the destruction of the livery stable, one loss was suffered which is irreparable. The hearse in which the remains of the martyred president, Abraham Lincoln, were conveyed to their last resting place, was consumed in the flames.

This hearse was built by Mr. Arnott for that especial purpose, and since that day has never been out of the building. Its owner refused to have it profaned by any meaner use after it had thus been consecrated by the greatest and most honored man of the century. Mr. Arnott had received many offers for the vehicle, but has always refused to part with it, preferring to retain it as a sacred relic.

### SENATOR DEADLOCK.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 11.—Yesterday's vote in the joint assembly resulted in no new developments in the United States senatorial deadlock. The State Tribune, the Republican organ here, will on Saturday advocate Mr. Camden's (Democrat) election by Republicans. The Tribune was urged to this course by Republicans, who fear in defeating Mr. Camden they will saddle on the state a much more objectionable man. The Republican caucus on Friday night will, it is thought, throw down the bars and allow members to vote as they wish. This will probably elect Mr. Camden on Saturday. He will probably get several more than just enough to put him through.

### Steamer Ran Down.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The tramp steamer Wells City was run down in the North river this morning by the Lone Star, of the Morgan line. The Wells City was anchored off Pier 43 ready to sail for Bristol, when the Lone Star, coming up the river at 4 o'clock a.m., ran into her and stove a hole in her hull. She filled rapidly and sank in her berth. The Lone Star, much damaged, made her way to the landing at Pier 37, and was laid up there. The officers and crew of the sinking Wells City were rescued and taken ashore. As far as known no lives were lost.

### A Defaulting Criminal Court Clerk.

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—The Advertiser, after investigation, has learned that John C. Leighton, for nineteen years clerk of the municipal criminal court of this city, is a defaulter. The exact amount of the defalcation will not be known for some time, or until the expert, who is now at work on the books, completes his labors. It is stated, however, by City Auditor Dodge, that the total will perhaps be \$200,000. Mr. Leighton was appointed to the position in 1867, and held the office up to within a short time ago.

### Maine Taking Action.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 11.—Senator Wallace, of Washington county, from the legislative committee on Federal relations, has reported a lengthy preamble reciting in detail the seizures of American fishing vessels by the Canadian authorities, accompanied by a resolution in relation to our trade relations with the Dominion of Canada, which were tabled for printing. The resolutions takes strong ground in favor of closing our ports to Canadian products as long as Canada retains her present attitude in regard to our fisheries.

### Accident to a Coasting Party.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Feb. 11.—A coasting party of twenty-five of Janesville's young business men, while coasting down Court House hill last night, collided with a post. Their large sled was overturned and nearly all were injured. Charles Forrant, a prominent grocer, had his right arm broken and his shoulder bones badly crushed. Besides, he is injured internally and may die. Henry Rooney was badly injured about the head. John O'Neil suffered internal injuries, and several others were badly hurt.

### Attempted Assassination.

NEWARK, O., Feb. 11.—Andrew McMullen, a prominent citizen of McKean township, in the northern part of the county, was fired upon recently from ambush by some unknown person, who had concealed himself in a lonely place near the highway. The intended victim's coat was cut through. The dastard made his escape. An effort is to be made to discover the would-be murderer.

### Damages From Flood.

HONEYOE FALLS, N. Y., Feb. 11.—The water has been rising for twenty-four hours. It is higher now than it has been for several years. Much damage has been done. The new bridge near Burton's has been carried away. One at Sibleyville has gone down. At Richmond Mills a large bridge was recovered and the ice was piled up in Townsend's mill yard.

### The Loss at White River Junction.

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—A Hartford, Vt. special says: "Superintendent Foss, of the Vermont Central claims to have discovered this morning that one of the boxes in the morgue, supposed to contain a body, only contains pieces of ice, dirt and clothes. He claims that the total number of lives lost is only thirty, of which twenty-five were passengers and five train men."

### Oil in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 11.—A telegram from Frenchville, Pulaski county, reports that oil was struck to-day at the depth of 625 feet in paying quantities. This company is making arrangements to sink the shaft lower with a good prospect of increasing the quantity. The quality is excellent.

### Suffocated by Gas.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 11.—Two boiler makers named Nicholas Mumbaugh and Louis Klipp, while repairing boilers at the Girard furnace late yesterday afternoon, were suffocated by gas. Death was instantaneous. The men reside here and are unmarried.

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## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

**ROSSER & McCARTHY,**  
Proprietors.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 11, 1887.

### Our Navy.

The New York Sun advocates an appropriation by Congress of \$50,000,000 towards a new navy, and says it is not "too much to vote in a lump." Between 1866 and 1884, the expenditures of the Navy Department amounted to the enormous sum of \$401,758,876. It looks from this that the country ought to have a good navy, but it hasn't. The fact of the matter is, we haven't any navy at all. And the Republican party that was in power all this time is responsible for the squandering of such a vast sum of the people's money. The Sun remarks:

These four hundred million dollars have gone to Davy Jones' locker. They cannot be recovered. They cannot be made to count toward the nation's safety and strength.

If we have spent \$401,758,876 in getting rid of our old navy, we certainly can afford to vote \$50,000,000 or \$100,000,000 for starting a new navy.

The dollars now to be spent will count. They will be in honest hands. The country will have something to show for them.

It's "nip and tuck" between Senator Harris and General Buckner in Fayette County.

The reports indicate that Hon. James H. Mulligan is going to have a walk-over in the race for the Legislature from Fayette County.

A few Democratic members of the West Virginia Legislature seem determined that Senator Camden shall not succeed himself.

The Democrats of Bourbon County will nominate a candidate for the Legislature by primary election, April 16th, to be held under the election laws of the State.

The Bracken County Republicans will hold a mass meeting at Brooksville, February 21st, to select delegates to their State convention in Louisville on the 11th of next May.

The New Jersey Legislature is still trying to elect a United States Senator. The members want the country to see that they can keep up the farce just as long as their brethren of West Virginia.

Louisville is trying to raise a \$25,000 guarantee fund for an exposition next fall. The exposition last fall was a financial failure, but the people down there have grit, and believe in "trying again."

What has become of the branch penitentiary at Eddyville? Isn't it about time for it to be completed? The sooner the institution is finished and the convicts got within its walls, the better it will be for the State.

The war talk has aroused Congress to the necessity and importance of bettering our coast defences. Bills appropriating \$21,000,000 for this purpose have found their way through the Senate, and are pending in the House.

The Kentucky Democrat remarks that "Colonel Berry will find that the masses of the people are opposed to the repeal of the new Revenue law, and the candidate who takes for his 'hobby' its repeal will get left at the quarter-pole." That's the way we think about it, and it's no more than such a candidate deserves.

The card of Joseph Desha Pickett, Superintendent of Public Instruction, to the people of Kentucky, containing his announcement as a candidate for re-election, is a very strong argument in favor of his re-nomination. He has the ability, experience and love for the great work in which he is so much interested.—Newspaper State Journal.

### "The Blood is the Life."

Thoroughly cleanse the blood, which is the fountain of health, by using Dr. Pierces Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and soundness of constitution will be established.

Golden Medical Discovery cures all humors, from the common pimple, blotch, or eruption, to the worst scrofula or blood-poison. Especially has it proven its efficacy in curing salt rheum or tetter, fever sores, hip-joint disease, scrofulous sores and swellings, enlarged glands, and eating ulcers.

Golden Medical Discovery cures consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs) by its wonderful blood-purifying, invigorating, and nutritive properties. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, bronchitis, severe coughs, asthma and kindred afflictions, it is a sovereign remedy. It promptly cures the severest coughs.

For torpid liver, biliousness, or "liver complaint," dyspepsia and indigestion, it is an unequalled remedy. Sold by druggists.

### Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. C. Pecor & Co.,

### INTERNATIONAL RANGE.

Proceedings of the Convention Held at Denver, Colorado.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 11.—At the International Range convention yesterday several papers on the cattle industry and the best method of conducting it were presented. A resolution was adopted demanding retrenchment of expenses in dressing and shipping beef cattle. The resolution provided for the appointment of a committee of three to confer with eastern commission houses, with a view to obtaining a uniform rate of twenty-five cents per head for the sale of range cattle. A paper from the Retail Butchers' Protective Association of Brooklyn was read denying that they were responsible for the high price of beef, and declaring that their association desired to act in harmony with the Range association.

Mr. J. J. McGillan, of Cleveland, read a short address on monopolies among stock yard concerns and middlemen, in which he laid the trouble of cattle growers in not receiving just prices for their cattle at the doors of the middlemen. His plan for meeting these monopolies was the organization of an immense corporation with a capital of one hundred millions, to be participated in by the stock raisers of the United States, which should market and butcher all the stock raised in the United States and conduct the selling of all beef direct to consumers. The explanation of his scheme was listened to with marked attention, and when Mr. McGillan concluded he was warmly applauded.

### A Murderous Husband.

BOULDER, Col., Feb. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Wending Moll, a young couple living at the mouth of Left-hand creek, eight miles from here, to all appearances had been very happy until three weeks ago; when their first child was born, and since then Moll has been very abusive and quarrelsome. On Sunday night without any provocation, he struck his wife in the face several times, knocking her down. She did not resist, being almost heartbroken at his brutality. The following morning Moll got up early, built a fire, made some coffee, drank it and sat down to smoke. His wife was still in bed with her child and had fallen into a dozen when she was awakened by the report of a gun. She jumped up but fell to the floor unconscious, a blow having entered her shoulder and passed into her neck. In the meantime Moll disappeared. When Mrs. Moll regained consciousness she got into bed with great difficulty and sank into a stupor. When she came to herself again her child was crying but she, having become paralyzed, was unable to move and reach it. The fire went out and the babe cried until midnight when it died. Mrs. Moll's sad plight was not known until Tuesday night, when a relative called at the house. She cannot recover. Officers and a posse of citizens are in pursuit of the murderer.

### Essentials of a Good Fighter.

In answer to the question: "What are the essentials of a thoroughly good fighter?" Sullivan said:

"Pluck, skill, endurance and a good head on his shoulders. I tell you, sir, a man fights with his head almost as much as he does with his fist. He must know where to send his blows so they may do the most good. He must economize his strength and not score hit just for the sake of scoring it."

"What portion of your antagonist's body do you aim at when you are in the ring?"

"I endeavor," said Sullivan, "to hit my man above the heart, or under the chin, or behind the ear. A man wears out pretty soon if one can keep hammering away in the region of the heart; a blow under the chin or behind the ear will knock out a man quicker than a hundred blows on the cheek or any other portion of the face. Now, the Marine has a scar on his left cheek which he received in his fight with Dempsey, and which he will carry to his grave. He told me that Dempsey kept hammering away at that spot. If Dempsey were a long-headed fighter he would not have wasted his time and strength in getting in there. That fact alone proves to me that he is deficient in generalship."

"You can tell pretty well when your man is giving in?"

"Certainly I can," said the pugilist. "I watch his eyes and I know at once when the punishment is beginning to tell on him. And, when I talk to a man before I stand up before him at all, I can make up my mind whether he is a fighter or not. There is more intelligence required in this business than outsiders give us credit for."—Sacramento (Cal.) Bee.

### He Sued for His Salary.

I never knew of more than one preacher who sued for his salary, and he got it. It was in Franklin county. The leading men wrote him a letter guaranteeing that the church could and would pay him a good salary—one of these offhand letters which churches noted for not paying will write. He went and served them a whole year acceptably, meekly and patiently. In fact, they were astonished at his patience. Then he demanded all of his salary that was due. Again they were astonished to meet a man who was not willing to take just what the church had seen fit to give him voluntarily. But he told them they had caused him to contract debts on the strength of the promises made by their official members, and those debts had to be paid. He went into court, produced the letters written by the official members, obtained judgment and collected it. And he did right.—Rev. J. E. Godbey in Globe-Democrat.

### What Might Have Been.

Had Paris seen Helen attempt to shoot a cow out of the back yard, it is safe to say that the Trojan war would never have been waged and Homer would have been obliged to take the Haymarket riot for an epic. Had Anthony seen Cleopatra chase a street car down a dusty avenue of Cairo, it is safe to state that he would have fled disengaged back to Octavia, and the divorce court lawyer—"decreed quietly secured; no publicity!"—would never have made a cent from him. Had Dante seen Beatrice fire a half brick at the vandal hen which prospected for seeds in her flower bed every spring, it is again safe to say that he would have sent back her notes, her white mouse wiper, the lava smoking set with "Merry Christmas" painted across the stern, and discontinued that rocky courtship which he subsequently celebrated in a poem called "The Inferno."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

### Buying Off the Victims.

WEST HARTFORD, Vt., Feb. 11.—It is evident that the Central Vermont road is trying to settle with the victims of the recent accident at White River bridge at the lowest possible price. George Lowe, who was so severely injured and will probably lose the sight of one eye, has accepted \$100 and signed a release. Annie Murphy, who received injuries to her back and head, and had both checks cut open, was offered \$50.

### CITY ITEMS.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

Ask your grocer for Foerster's City Butter Crackers. They are the best.

A full supply of school books always on hand. Give us a call.

J. C. PECOR & CO.

We are offering an elegant line of cashmere at less than cost to close. Come and get a bargain. Paul Hoeftlich & Bro.

You will find a complete assortment of artist's materials just received direct from eastern importers at G. W. Blatterman & Co's.

Our display of white goods and embroideries has never been excelled in Maysville. Prices the lowest at Paul Hoeftlich & Bro's.

Any orders for insurance for Joseph F. Broderick, left at Schroeder's saddlery, one door East of opera house, will receive prompt attention.

25d

A RELIABLE DRUG STORE.—Riffe & Henderson have on hand a full line of fresh drugs, pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes. Toilet articles and stationery of every description at low prices. We have on sale the latest novelties in valentines, including the newest and most artistic designs. Prescriptions a specialty.

Riffe & Henderson.

The average yield of tobacco is 1,200 pounds to the acre. At the present prices, about \$60 an acre, there's no money in the crop for the grower. The farmer had better let his land rest and go to raising poultry. There's not near the work to be done, and the pay is much better.

### OUR NEIGHBORS.

GEMANTOWN.

Hon. J. B. Clark, of Brooksville, was in town Wednesday.

Colonel J. R. Wilson and Dexter Power, of Augusta, were here Wednesday.

Thomas Tyler was at Alexandria, first of the week to see his brother, Press, who is confined to his room with pneumonia.

Dick Bowman and wife, of Louisville, Ky., arrived here Wednesday.

T. J. Black has purchased several crops of tobacco, which has averaged him about 4 cts.

The serenaders were out Thursday evening and treated our citizens to some choice music.

Dr. J. C. Browning and W. C. Johnson visited Brooksville Wednesday.

Mrs. Charles Lockhart, of Indiana, Miss Ida Hamilton, of Cynthiana, Ky., and Mrs. Hal Stason, of Brooksville, were the guests of Judge Dora's family one day this week.

The public school at Gas Point has closed.

### The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Suit, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles and was cured of rheumatism of ten years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the liver, kidneys or blood. Only half a dollar a bottle at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s and S. P. Campbell & Co.'s, Aberdeen, O.

### Do You Know?

That DuLac's Swiss Balsam is the best remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, etc.

That Swiss Balsam will cure that neglected cold. Delays are dangerous.

That Swiss Balsam contains no morphia or opium, thus making it the best and safest cough remedy for children. Pleasant to take.

That this valuable remedy only costs 25 cents a bottle and can be had at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s.

That this valuable remedy only costs 25 cents a bottle and can be had at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s.

### RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee 3 lb. 15¢ 20

Molasses, new crop, per gal. 50¢ 60

Molasses, old crop, 1 lb. 25

Golden Syrup. 30

Sorghum, Fancy New. 35

Sugar, yellow 3 lb. 5¢ 6

Sugar, extra C. 3 lb. 6¢ 7

Sugar, A. 3 lb. 7

Sugar, granulated, 1 lb. 7

Sugar, powdered, per lb. 7

Sugar, New Orleans, 3 lb. 6¢ 7

Teas, 3 lb. 40¢ 57

Coal Oil, head light 3 lb. gal. 15

Apples, per peck. 25¢ 40

Bacon, breakfast 3 lb. 11

Bacon, clear sides, per lb. 8¢ 10

Bacon, Hams, 3 lb. 12¢ 11

Bacon, Shoulders, per lb. 8¢ 12

Bacon 3 lb. 20¢ 25

Butter, 3 lb. 15¢ 25

Chicken, each. 15¢ 25

Eggs, 3 dozen. 6¢ 25

Flour, Limestone, per barrel. 5¢ 75

Flour, Old Gold, per barrel. 5¢ 75

Flour, Maysville Fancy, per barrel... 5¢ 00

Flour, Mason County per barrel... 5¢ 00

Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel... 5¢ 25

Flour, Mayville Family, per barrel... 5¢ 25

Flour, Graham, per sack. 4¢

Honey, per lb. 15

Honey, 3 lb. gallop. 15

Lard, 3 lb. 8¢ 50

Onions, per peck. 4¢ 50

Potatoes 3 lb. peck. 15

Pepper, 3 lb. 15¢ 25

Pepper, 1 lb. 15¢ 25

Pepper, 1 lb. 15¢

## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & McCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 11, 1887.

### The Weather.

Local rain, followed by fair weather, lower temperature.—Greeley.

INSURE with John Duley.

PURCHASE and buckwheat—Calhoun's

USE Dr. Pierce's "Pellets" for all Bilious attacks.

AMERICAN peas, better and cheaper than French, try them at G. W. Geisel's.

THESE of the convicts lately employed near Augusta were pardoned the other day.

GORTON'S NEW ORLEANS MINSTRELS are expected at the opera house some time in April.

THE foundry and machine shops at Ashland are to be enlarged by the 1st of April.

COAL oil. Guaranteed non-explosive. Try it and you will use no other. At G. W. Geisel's.

CONSIDERABLE damage is reported to the railroad embankment at Augusta by the recent high water.

BISHOP T. U. DUDLEY will preach in the Church of the Nativity next Sunday at 10:30 a.m. and 7:15 p.m.

DEGREE work in Ringgold Lodge, No. 27, I. O. O. F., next Wednesday night. All members of the order are invited.

J. D. WILLIAMS will shortly move his spoke works from Denton, Carter County, to Ashland, and double their capacity.

WANTED to buy from 5 to 10,000 bushels of sound dry corn.

A. H. THOMPSON, Market street.

FRANK B. BETTS, member of a surveying corps on the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad, has gone to Birmingham, Ala.

THE handsome memorial window presented to Maysville Commandery No. 10, K. T., by Mrs. Hal. Gray, was received yesterday.

FOUR car-loads of ties for the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad were received here yesterday, making forty-nine car-loads delivered to date.

MRS. JOHN B. HOLTON, of Washington, has been granted a patent on a fence that offers some special advantages over those already before the public.

AT Paris, a number of eggs were placed in a manure pile at the Bourbon Hotel stables, and in due course of time eighteen chickens were hatched.

IN the drawing of the Louisiana Lottery last Tuesday, the following numbers drew the three highest prizes: Capital prize, 73,987; second prize, 45,151; third prize, 14,405.

MRS. LUCINDA PATTON, aunt of Mrs. Henry Hubbard of this city, died Wednesday at Elizaville. Deceased was seventy-four years of age, and had been ill for some time.

THE raising of race horses must be a profitable business. Banburg, Montana Regent and Kaloolah were recently sold in Bourbon and Fayette counties to a Western man for \$22,500.

IN the suit of the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad Company against the Dayton Cemetery Company, at Newport, the defendant has been allowed \$1,690 damages for right of way.

A DISPATCH from Augusta says the convicts have all been removed from that region and taken to Knox County, where they will be worked on the Cumberland branch of the L. and N. Railroad.

WORD has been received by relatives in this city that Mr. Ollie Smith and Miss Lutie Gallagher were recently married at Kansas City, Mo. Miss Gallagher formerly lived near Johnson Junction.

AN epidemic, thought to be cholera, has killed off all the cats in Casey County, this State, and the rats and mice are having a regular picnic. There is a big demand from that region for felines of any and all sorts.

PATRICK HENRY and William Price, two sixteen-year-old lads of Bourbon and Nicholas Counties, are wanted at their home. They left the other night for parts unknown, taking a couple of fine horses belonging to their parents.

REV. HARRY HENDERSON preached to another large audience at the M. E. Church, South, last evening, and was listened to with the closest attention throughout. Services this afternoon at 3 o'clock, and this evening at 7 o'clock. Quarterly meeting to-morrow and Sunday. Dr. Pope, President of the Millersburg Female College, will preach to-morrow night, and at both services Sunday.

### Booms and Business.

"How's the boom down South?" was asked a commercial tourist, the other day, who was just from that region.

The c. t. represents one of largest hardware houses of New York.

"The boom down South," replied he, "is a pretty big thing just now, but you don't want to believe all you hear, by a long shot. The truth of the matter is, that a big part of the booms down there is on paper—like some of the towns out West. All the same, though there is a wonderful development going on down in Alabama and Tennessee."

"How's trade with you?" was next asked.

I travel through Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, and I must say that I never sold more goods at this season, than I have on my present trip. Customers are laying in a big stock, and are evidently doing a satisfactory business. Judging from my sales, the outlook for the coming season is bright."

After a few moments spent in gazing at a "blue-grass belle" on the opposite side of the car, the c. t. added:

"You Kentucky people are a clever set of fellows, pleasant, sociable and all that, but you have two faults. In the first place, too many of you try to live beyond your means. You go beyond your income. It's all nice enough for a while, but it won't last. The end of the lane is reached all to soon, and then comes a wakening-up to the stern realities of life."

But the greatest fault with your business men is too much crediting. It seems to be the sole aim of too many to make big sales, no matter on what system. They go ahead a few years, and the first thing they know they have credited out most of the stock they started with. Their shelves have to be replenished, and they go to buying on time themselves. It won't take long for a merchant of that kind to become hopelessly involved in debt, and then comes the smash-up, and his creditors are lucky if they get a few cents on the dollar of their claims."

Why sir," added, he "I knew a firm in one of your towns a few years ago. They started out and at the end of two years one member died. The firm's affairs had to be wound up and settled. They had sold \$40,000 worth of goods in the two years, and \$24,000 of it was on their books. That's not business,—it's selling goods, though. Of course, these faults are not confined to Kentucky people altogether, but they are worse in this respect than people of most other States."

### Removal.

DR. G. M. Williams has removed his dental office to building on Third street, adjoining Dr. Shackleford's office.

THE case of Watson against Throckmorton, taken up from Robertson County, has been affirmed by the Court of Appeals.

THE Mendelsohn Quintette Club, of Boston, that is to appear at the opera house on the 23rd, of this month, is composed of some of the best talent in this country. Lovers of music are promised a rich treat.

AFTER a test of over fifteen years there can be little question as to the durability of the celebrated Diamond lens spectacles, and while they preserve the sight their lasting qualities are such as to make frequent changing unnecessary. The genuine are for sale by Ballenger.

GENERAL Clay spoke nearly two hours to a fair audience at the court house yesterday, devoting most of his time to an attack on the new Revenue law, and the lawyers. The General will likely learn before the campaign is over that we can't get along without either the lawyers or the new law.

THESE is a prospect of several damage suits by property-owners along the south side of Third street, Fifth ward, against the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad Company. The wet weather has caused the bank made by the cut in grading that street to slip and cave in, and a number of houses and buildings will be endangered unless the matter is attended to.

GEORGE Orr, aged fifty years, died at Millersburg the other day, of paralysis. The Paris Kentuckian says: "He had been a clerk in business houses in Maysville, Cincinnati, etc. His brother, Harry Orr, is the well known drummer. Their father, Henry Orr, was a merchant of Paris, and their grandfather one of Kentucky's first Congressmen. Mr. Orr leaves two sons by his first marriage to Miss Dobyns.

THE Covington Enterprise, of last week, says: "The Kentucky Bulletin, of Newport, is in distress. The paper was not issued last week, because the forms were attached in Cincinnati for a debt. The Enterprise warned Ned S. Maxon some time ago, and cautioned him about moving to Newport to publish a paper. Mr. Maxon did not heed our advice which was given for his benefit alone. He now regrets it. We knew he would never succeed in doing much good for himself, if he connected himself in business with a preacher, whisky gauger, Mayor, editor and God only knows what else."

### Services at the Central Presbyterian Church next Sunday—Rev. Russell Cecil, pastor. Sunday School and Bible Class, 9:30 a.m.; preaching, 11 a.m. Special evening sermon at 7 o'clock; subject, "Conscience;" text, "Having Their Conscience Seared With a Hot Iron"—1 Tim. 4: 2.

A SPECIAL from Scott County says: "A negro boy living near Oxford, while riding a wild young horse to water, foolishly tied the halter-strap around his arm. The horse got frightened, ran away, and the boy, being scared, jumped off, and the poor fellow was dragged about the lot and actually kicked to death, being dragged by the halter until the arm was pulled out of the socket from the shoulder.

COMPARATIVELY new counterfeit silver dollars, dated 1882, are in extensive circulation. They are so nearly perfect as almost to defy detection and any one not an expert would take them without question, and even an expert would be deceived unless he made a critical examination.

They are very nearly up to the standard weight. The milling, on which so many counterfeits fail, is admirably done. The ring is almost genuine and the general execution good. They are, however, lacking in the rich silver color appearance, but look like tin in light-colored brickdust water.—Exchange.

THE new code of flags adopted by the signal service bureau went into effect on the 7th instant. They have not yet been received in this city. The new flags are four in number as follows:

Temperature, flag black bunting, triangular in shape. Fair weather flag of white bunting, square. Rain or snow flag solid blue bunting, square. The flags should be read from the top of the staff downward, thus; if the plain white flag is at the top and the triangular black flag at the bottom, it would indicate fair weather, low temperature. If the black flag is at the top, the white flag in the middle and blue flag at the bottom, it would indicate higher temperature, fair weather, followed by rain or snow. When the temperature flag is at the top it means higher temperature and lower temperature, when displayed below the other flags. The absence of the temperature flag will indicate that there will be no change of temperature in the next 24 hours. The cold wave flag is unchanged.

### County Court.

Christina Schatzmann qualified as administratrix of Louis Schatzmann, with Omar Dodson surety. Fred Otto, Henry Ort and J. C. Dinger were appointed appraisers.

AN inventory and appraisement of the personal estate of John Gabby, deceased, was filed and ordered recorded.

John H. Moore qualified as Constable of Fern Leaf precinct, with J. J. Thompson, John Gabby and Powell B. Owens sureties.

### Personal.

W. W. Willocks was better this morning and is improving slowly.

Mrs. G. R. Williams, of Manchester, is visiting relatives in the Fifth ward.

Mrs. S. Duke Martin, of Chattanooga, Tenn., is visiting the family of Mr. Emilie Martin.

Mr. Thomas Rogers returned last evening from a six week's trip in the interest of the wholesale liquor house of Messrs. James H. Rogers & Co. He reports good sales, and says business is improving. The prospects for a fine spring trade are excellent.

### Property Record.

The following transfers of real estate have been lodged for record since our last report:

A. M. J. Cochran, commissioner, to Fred King, twenty-five acres of land on Bull Creek; consideration, \$865.

W. S. Frank and others to the Maysville Street Railroad and Transfer Company, seven lots and other property in Chester; consideration, \$2,500.

Thomas A. Keith and wife and others to W. M. Viser, lots 28 and 29 on the January plat of the Fifth ward; consideration, \$1, &c.

John L. McMillen to B. G. Thomas one hundred and thirty-four acres of land in Maysville precinct; consideration, \$8,712.50.

### River News.

Stationary at Pittsburg, with about fifteen feet in channel.

The New River, Big Sandy and Kanawha are still falling.

River rose about six inches here last night, and is still rising slowly.

A special from Captain Redden says the Handy No. 2 is bound at Portsmouth, and will not be down till tomorrow.

Due up to-night: Big Sandy, Pomeroy, and Andes, Pittsburg, at 12 o'clock. Due down for Cincinnati: Bonanza, this evening at 6 o'clock, and Telegraph, to-night at 1 o'clock.

We are glad that the so-called "glory" in steamboat bars is "departing" from Western rivers. By the time of its complete "departure" from water it is to be hoped that from land a similar report will be sent up.—New York Marine Journal.

### Notice.

We will pay cash for 25,000 dozen eggs in the next ninety days.

FDLIT MASON PRODUCE COMPANY.

### An Old Ex-Kentuckian.

Editor Bulletin: The talk of an old man with whom I spent the night recently in Fulton, Calloway County, Mo., may be interesting to some of the readers of the BULLETIN, whose memory goes far back. My aged friend's name is Joseph T. Bryan, who has been a citizen of Calloway County, Mo., for more than forty years. He, like most of the Western pioneers, sought the timbered region, and spent his time and strength in clearing the land. For several terms he was Clerk of Calloway County, and always prominent as a citizen, but quiet and unobtrusive, while at the same time he was staunch in the advocacy of what he conceived to be right in religion and politics.

But, then, I did not mean to give a biographical sketch. I have not the facts for work like that. Having spent the strength of manhood in rearing and caring for a large family, and having been recently bereft of his faithful wife with whom he had lived for sixty years, Joseph T. Bryan seems now at the age of eighty-seven years to be living over, in memory, his early days. He lived in Flemingsburg when he was a boy fourteen years of age, and was a clerk in Mr. Alexander's store with Mr. John Trippett. At that time, he said Mt. Carmel was called "Buzzard Roost." He insisted that a Mr. Boone built a warehouse at the mouth of Cabin Creek. He remembered the Stockton, Andrews and Shotwell families of Flemingsburg, and asked many questions I could not answer. The incidents of his early days he narrated with a zest, changing the scene from Flemingsburg to Mayslick, where Mr. Shumate kept the tavern in those days, and whether the young men would journey on horseback. Then he would tell of Madison County, Ky., and of the meetings at the "Stone Church," on the road from Lexington, where the people had the "jerks." He flat-boated produce to the New Orleans market, and then took ship to Charleston in company with Wade Hampton, Sr., and one of Napoleon's generals, (this general was shipwrecked on his way to France.) He arrived in New York the day the new constitution went into force in 1822. He was six months on that journey, by river, ocean and land, back to Flemingsburg. (Ten days would be sufficient now.)

He over-reaches, almost ignores, the present and much of the intervening past in his talk, and remembers almost every road and creek and hill and valley of his native land. Life's circuit with him is almost complete. Not childish, but child-like in faith and hope and love, he is waiting and watching till the change comes, and he shall go the blessed land where the weary rest, and where the body, the redeemed shall wear, will never grow old.

O. A. C.

Columbia, Mo., Feb. 2, 1887.

### New Drug Store.

W. C. Shackleford has opened a new drug store in "Cox Building," corner Third and Market. Pure drugs. Fine old wines and liquors for medical purposes. Toilet articles in great variety.

\* \* \* \* \* Pile tumors, rupture and fistulae radically cured by improved methods. Book, 10 cents in stamps. World's dispensary Medical Assoc'n, Buffalo, N.Y.

### An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shephard, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c per box by J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

### Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs: had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all coughs and colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery. Trial bottle free at the drug stores of J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.



## In Sight of the End.

If you want a chance in the splendid bargains offered at Glascock's, come at once! The sale will close on Saturday, the 12th. Bargains any time! (retail or auction).

## AUCTION EVERY DAY!

Auction, as usual, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, and, as usual, at 2 p.m. All classes of goods go in at each sale this week. Many beautiful Silk patterns still in stock; also many short lengths of Silks, Velvets and other fine goods lower now than ever. You can save lots of money buying them for trimmings, &c. Many pieces do not bring half what it cost to import them. Time is precious, as the sale cannot continue an hour longer than this week.

A. R. GLASCOCK.

## X EMBROIDERIES X

## GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

THE ATLANTA GUARDS MAY GO TO ENGLAND IN SAFETY.

These Wandering Warriors Will Cross the Alps and Go Through Italy and Return and Take Part in the Great Military Review in Paris—Foreign News.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Daily Telegraph yesterday contained a very pleasant editorial on the visit of the Atlanta City guard to Europe this summer. Reference is first made to the fact that Gen. Boulanger was so much impressed with the Atlanta City guard when he was present at the Yorktown celebration, with the French delegation in 1881, that he secured for them an invitation to take part in the grand military review in Paris on the 14th of July.

The article then goes on to say that after these wandering warriors have crossed the Alps and gone through Italy they will return to England, but they should receive the warmest welcome, and that their presence on continental parade grounds and at the American exposition in London cannot fail to excite the liveliest interest. In conclusion the Telegraph says: "It is to be hoped that the various city guardsmen when they visit the British metropolis will be on view in other localities in addition to the American exhibition. They could be most advantageously inspected on the parade ground of the Honorable Artillery company at Finsbury."

They might have a most enjoyable march past the royal pavilion at Aldershot. They could appear in fullest symmetry on the race hill at Brighton, and wherever they went these martial "innocents abroad" would be sure to find John Bull delighted to see them and cordially ready to hoist the star spangled banner side by side with the royal standard and the union jack of Great Britain. This constitutes probably a sufficient contradiction of the rumor spread abroad some time ago that the Atlantic City guard had been forbidden to enter Great Britain.

### A Bomb for Patti.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Dr. James Hodges, aged seventy-one, a crank, attended the Grand opera house last night, where Patti was playing an engagement. He sat in the gallery. Persons who sat near him say he was continually muttering something about its being the the last time Patti would sing.

Just as the great dive finished the aria from "Traviata" a tremendous explosion occurred at the doctor's side. He was badly burned. Around him lay scattered the fragments of a dynamite bomb. The injured man was taken to a hospital, stoutly declaring he was innocent, and that the explosion was caused by a package he found under his seat. It is believed that he intended to hurl the bomb at Patti. A panic was happily averted by the presence of mind of the great singer, who appeared before the curtain and began singing "Home, Sweet Home."

### A Fight With a Sheriff's Posse.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 11.—A bloody fight has taken place between a sheriff's posse and a band of Navajos that may lead to an Indian outbreak. George Lockhart, deputy sheriff of Navajo Springs, accompanied by Ed Palmer and Tom King, started Monday for the reservation to arrest an Indian for horse stealing. The Indian resisted arrest, and Lockhart shot him dead. The other Indians then opened up fire on and killed the three men, but not until three Indians had been killed and several wounded. The rest of the Indians then rode to Bennett's store, near Mammoth's station, on the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, and stole all the provisions they could carry away. The excitement is high, and the people living around the reservation say they will kill ten Indians for every white man killed.

### The Boston Embezzlers.

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—The Herald states that City Auditor Dodge emphatically denied making the statement attributed to him by the Advertiser, that ex-Clerk of Court Leighton's accounts were probably \$200,000 short. The Journal says that at the time of his resignation, Mr. Leighton admitted to the judges that his accounts were short, but said the shortage was due to unintentional errors and that he was ready to make the deficiency good when its amount was ascertained. The Journal adds the statement in a morning paper that Mr. Leighton's defalcation will amount to \$200,000 or upwards cannot at this stage at least be borne out by the facts as there is not the least evidence as yet upon which a complaint could be maintained that should charge him with even the embezzlement of \$10,000.

### A Discovery of Copper Ore.

LOWELL, Mass., Feb. 11.—Fred Whitton, a painter, claims to have discovered a vein of copper ore on the banks of the Merrimac river, below Indian Orchard Point, on land owned by the proprietors of the locks and canals. The vein is two inches thick at the top and about double that at the water's edge. Mr. Whitton has traced it more than half a mile down the bank. The sample assayed contained copper to the value of \$4 a ton, also small quantities of zinc and silver. Mr. Whitton has consulted Agent Francis, who says if it is found as the young man predicts, a company will be organized to work it in the spring.

### A Verdict After Seventeen Years.

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 11.—The court of appeals yesterday finally decided the celebrated case of Mary Byrne vs. the New York Central railroad. Seventeen years ago Mary Byrne, then a girl of ten, was run over by a train and had one leg so badly crushed as to necessitate amputation. On the first trial the jury gave the little girl \$4,000 damages. The company appealed and carried the case through the various courts for the past seventeen years. The decision yesterday sustains the verdict on the fourth trial, which gave Miss Byrne \$7,500.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., Feb. 11.—The fish exporters in this city have been considerably exercised over the fact that the collector of customs at Eastport had decided that frozen herring imported from the provinces was dutiable. Application was made to the Washington authorities for an opinion on the subject and last night a reply was received stating that frozen fish intended for immediate consumption was free of duty.

### I. B. & W. For Sale.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 11.—A decree was entered by the Federal court providing this morning for public foreclosure and sale, after thirty days' notice, of the Indiana, Bloomington & Western railway for not less than \$3,000,000. A committee of bondholders has arranged to buy in the road and consolidate it with the C. S. & C., under the name of the Columbus, Indianapolis & Western.

### POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

Oil has been struck in paying quantities at Franciscopolis, Pulaski county, Ind.

Judge Nicholas Longworth is making a cruise of the Mediterranean in a yacht.

Jacob Hockenberger, of Toledo, O., has been fined \$100 for selling liquor on Sunday.

Henry Hix, a farmer near St. Joe, stabled his son in a family quarrel. The boy will die.

Minister Pendleton's friends state that his retinue has no connection with cabinet changes.

The west end of London, Ont., is three feet under water, from an overflow of the Thames.

Secretary Manning has been elected president of the new Western National bank, of New York.

William J. Gallagher, engaged in the election fraud in Chicago, will spend one year in the penitentiary.

Abraham Beers, of Decatur, Ind., a fifteen-year-old sleep walker, wandered from home at night, and cannot be found.

A vein of copper ore is reported discovered on the banks of the Merrimac river at and below Indian Orchard Point, Mass.

The old canal at St. Catherine's, Ont., overflowed its banks and caused a flood that drowned many people out of their homes.

Powdery has declared that the expression of sympathy for the Chicago Anarchists is against the principles of the Knights of Labor.

Tony Springmeyer, a thirteen-year-old boy, had both legs cut off below the knee by being run over by a locomotive in Covington.

A. G. Smith, general passenger agent of the Bus Line, it is reported, has been tendered the general passenger agency of the Lake Shore.

The body of John Keeth, Green county, Kentucky, was discovered wrapped up in a blanket in the carcass of a horse. It is supposed he was murdered.

Henry Durham, his wife and infant child were horribly murdered on the Durham farm ten miles east of Warsaw, Ind., by unknown parties. Durham's face was eaten away by hogs.

It is now almost certain that the dead body found in the Wabash, near Lafayette, Ind., is that of Miss Mabbitt, who is supposed to have been murdered by Amer C. Green, a friend who took her buggy riding.

The great strike in New York is petering out slowly but surely to a rather inglorious termination. Many of the strikers' places have been filled by outsiders, and business along the docks has become quite active again.

While the hall of the Minnesota house of representatives was crowded, the ceiling crossbeams were seen to be settling, and the hall was immediately cleared of spectators. The building is new, but is not considered safe.

The investigation of the White River Junction disaster shows eighty-five persons to have been on the wrecked train, thirty-six of whom were wounded, thirty-two of whom were killed, and seventeen of whom returned home. This accounts for all.

Governor Thayer, of Nebraska, has sent a telegram to M. De Ville, French minister of agriculture and commerce, and Col. S. D. Thompson, secretary of the American Percheron association, Paris, to use efforts with the government of France to prevent the issue of any orders prohibiting the exportation of Percheron horses from France to the United States.

### The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Indications—Fair weather, followed by local rains or snow, lower temperature, westerly winds becoming northerly.

### FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for February 10.

New York.—Money 364 per cent. Exchange steady. Governments firm.

Currency sixes, 1234 bid; fours, 1234; fours-and-a-half, 11054 bid.

The stock market opened firm and continued so throughout the morning. Prices advanced gradually from the opening to midday, and at the last named hour were from 34@114 per cent. higher. The special features of the morning's trading were Northwest, St. Paul, Pacific Mail and Reading.

Bur. & Quincy ... 1304 Mich. Central ..... 894 Canadian Pacific ..... 624 Missouri Pacific ..... 1084 Canadian Southern ..... 59 N. Y. Central ..... 1134 Central C. & I. .... 614 Northwestern ..... 1144 Del. & Hudson ..... 1034 do preferred ..... 594 Del. Lack. & W. .... 1304 Ohio & Miss. ..... 264 Erie & Lake Ontario ..... 324 Pacific Mail ..... 584 Illinois Central ..... 104 Rock Island ..... 894 Jersey Central ..... 704 St. Paul ..... 1194 Kansas & Texas ..... 104 do preferred ..... 1194 Lake Shore ..... 954 Union Pacific ..... 57 Louisville & Nash ..... 62 Western Union ..... 746

### Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, \$3.90@4.25; family, \$3.40@

875. WHEAT—No. 3 red, 73@81c; No. 2, 83@84c.

CORN—No. 3 mixed, 3.45@3.50; No. 2, mixed, 38c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed, 2.50@2.54c; No. 2 mixed, 30@3.04c.

PORK—Family, \$13.00@13.125; regular, \$13.25@13.314.

LARD—Kettle, 7@71c.

BACON—Short, clear sides, 73@71c.

CHEESE—Prime to choice, Ohio, 12@134c;

New York, 13@14c.

MEAT—Lamb, 12@13c; mutton chickens, \$2.00@2.25 per dozen; fair to prime, \$2.50@2.75; choice, \$3.00@3.30; ducks, \$2.25@3.00; live turkey, 73@8c.

WOOL—Unwashed medium clothing, 25@29c; fine merino, 20@21c; common, 15@16c; fleecy-washed medium clothing, 31@32c; combing, 29@31c; fine merino X and XX, 28@30c; burr and cots, 16@18c; tub washed, 31@32c; pulled, 27@30c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$10.50@11.00; No. 2, \$9.00@10.00; mixed, \$9.00; prairie, \$7.00@7.50; wheat, oats and rye straw, \$5.00@6.00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$4.00@4.70;

fair, \$3.00@3.15; common, \$2.00@2.75; stockers and feeders, \$3.50@4.00; yearlings and calves, \$3.00@3.75.

HOOS—Select butchers, 15@15.50; fair to good packers, \$4.00@4.25; fair to good light, \$4.70@5.00; common, \$1.25@1.40; culs, \$3.00@3.40.

SHEEP—Common to fair, \$2.75@3.50; good to choice, \$3.75@4.50; common to fair lambs, \$3.75@4.50; good to choice, \$4.65@5.00.

### Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Steady and prices unchanged; receipts, 114 head; shipments, 181 head; prime, \$4.75@5.00; fair to good, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.50@4.00.

HOOS—Firm; receipts, 3,100 head; shipments, 8,000 head; Philadelphias, \$5.00@5.5; Yorkers, \$5.40@5.50; common to light, \$5.00@5.25; pigs, \$4.85@5.00.

SHEEP—Nothing doing on account of sheep market for sale; prime unchanged; prime, \$4.75@4.75; fair to good, \$4.00@4.65; common, \$3.50@3.80; lambs, \$4.00@4.00; receipts, 400 head; shipments, 1,000 head.

### New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 954c; No. 2 red wine

March, 904c; May, 92c.

CORN—Mixed, cash, 475c; March, 484c.

OATS—No. 1 state red, 81c; No. 2, 814c.

COTTON—\$1.50@1.60 per lb.

WOOL—\$5.50@5.75 per 100 lbs. live weight.

COTTON—Quiet; middling uplands, 954c;

new Orleans, 9.11@16c; February, 9.50c; March, 9.30c; April, 9.02c; May, 9.70c; June, 9.50c; July, 9.50c; August, 9.01c; September, 9.70c.

### GENERAL.

SHIPS—Nothing doing on account of sheep

market for sale; prime unchanged; prime,

\$4.75@4.75; fair to good, \$4.00@4.65; common,

\$3.50@3.80; lambs, \$4.00@4.00; receipts, 400

head; shipments, 1,000 head.

PIGGING—\$1.25@1.30 per lb.

PIGGING—\$1.25@1.30 per lb.